

13TH DAY OF BATTLE SHOWS THE ALLIED LINE ALMOST UTTERLY OPEN

In What Little Fighting Occurred the British and French Troops Were the Aggressors

ENTENTE RESERVES HAVE BEEN HELD INTACT

The Great German Machine Has Failed In Its Intent to Crush the Allied Line—With the Allied Reserve and 100,000 Americans Ready for the Fray It Is Apparent That the Turn in the Tide of Battle Is At Hand—It Is Estimated That In Their Massed Attacks Some German Divisions Lost as High as Seventy Per Cent of Their Men—Bad Weather Is Hindering Operations On the Italian Front—Armenians and Georgians Are Forming an Army to Defend Themselves Against the Turks.

With the passing of the thirteenth day of the new battle of the Somme there came increasing evidence that the great German machine with which it was intended to crush the allied line has almost utterly spent itself.

Where previously the Germans had thrown men into the fray not counting the prodigious wastage in killed or wounded, Tuesday saw them decline anywhere to give battle. On the contrary, in what little fighting occurred the British and French troops took the initiative.

Entente Reserve Forces Intact.

Thus it seems apparent, with the reserve forces of the entente virtually intact and with the added weight of General Pershing's troops will give them, the turn in the tide of the battle is at hand.

While admittedly both the French and British armies have suffered rather severe casualties as they stood valiantly to their task of impeding the Germans and making them pay an unheard of price for every foot of ground gained, their reserves have been conserved with the utmost care behind the lines for the fatal time when the withering fire of the allied guns and machine guns should have so blighted the German hordes as to bring more serious strains to the fighting forces. And, all alone, the British and French commanders have not left outside their calculations that staunch hand of reserve exceeding 100,000 men, who are fully trained and equipped and anxious to lend their aid in the task of defeating the Germans.

German Losses

Daily the German losses in men killed or wounded continue to augment. The figures obtained from the Germans lost as high as seventy per cent of their effectives as they charged in mass columns against the British and French machine guns and rifles. Companies withdrew from the fighting with their combat strength reduced to a few men.

No Change in Battle Front.

The latest accounts of the fighting from the various war correspondents show no more important new change in the battle front. Only minor adjustments took place on that portion of the front south of Arras held by the British, and little aside from artillery duels occurred between the French and the Germans on the lower end of the line. The fighting between the big guns particularly heavy between the front line and the German battle line bends eastward and which is a danger spot of great importance to the Allies, but the French through which by the French would necessitate a rapid withdrawal of the Germans eastward from the Amiens sector.

Bombarding British Positions.

Although the Germans have been bombarding British positions in Belgium, particularly at Passchendaele and along the Ghent-Paschendale line, there is no indication as yet that an infantry attack is contemplated.

In addition to a continuation of their bombardment of Paris with a long range gun, the Germans again have endeavored to drop bombs on the French capital from airplanes. Two squadrons of aircraft early Tuesday morning attempted to reach Paris, but the French barrage held them off.

Bad Weather on Italian Front.

Bad weather again is hindering operations in the Italian theatre, but nevertheless the German powers have formed a patrol activity in the mountain region and artillery duels of some violence over the whole front from Lake Garda to the Adriatic. At several points in the mountains Austro-German troops endeavored to gain advantage over the Italians, but were successfully driven back.

British Penetrate Turkish Territory.

In Palestine the British forces which penetrated Turkish territory northeast of Jericho have successfully carried out their objective in cutting the Hedjaz railway and now have begun to retire toward Es-Saila. A large number of additional prisoners and guns, machine guns and other stores have been taken by the British.

Armenians Forming an Army.

Armenian and Georgian inhabitants of the three Caucasus districts turned over to Turkey in accordance with the recent peace treaty between Russia and the Central powers have formed an army to defend themselves against the Turkish, who have begun the military occupation of Batum, Kars and Ardahan.

INFORMATION REGARDING LOSSES BY THE GERMANS

Two Divisions Were Reduced More Than One-Half.

Washington, April 2.—Further information regarding the losses suffered by the Germans in their offensive and on the German attitude toward the Allies as revealed by secret documents seized on prisoners is given in an official despatch today from France. The despatch follows:

"On April 1st the Germans withdrew from the front four divisions that had suffered severely. To the depleted divisions mentioned yesterday was added the following: 1st, 11th, whose companies are reduced to 40 men; the 4th, the 5th, the 19th and the reserve division of the guard which has lost 25 per cent of its men. A regiment of the 12th division has been reduced to less than 800 men. The Fifth and 4th reserve divisions were reduced more than half."

The Alsatian contingents, three quarters of which had been until now used on the eastern front and are now in France, appear to give great concern to the Germans, according to secret instructions found on prisoners. It is forbidden to use Alsacians and Lorrainers in the first line and in patrol duty. These precautions show how little the Germans have in the inhabitants of the provinces which they claim for their own.

Cabled Paragraphs

Bolo Pasha's Appeal Rejected.

Paris, April 2.—The court of cassation today rejected the appeal of Bolo Pasha from the sentence of death imposed by a military tribunal. The court also rejected the appeal of Darius Porchere, an accountant, who was tried with Bolo Pasha, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

REGULATING PUBLICITY OF NEWS OF TROOPS

All information from France is to come through Pershing.

Washington, April 2.—Under orders of the war department Secretary Baker has directed that in future all information concerning American forces in France will be made public only out from the headquarters of the expeditionary forces. Information about troops at home will be given out by the war department as in the past.

Max General March, chief of staff, made the following announcement: "The war department has been notified by the chief of staff of the American Expeditionary Forces in France that Baker has prescribed the following rules for handling publicity of matters pertaining to troop movements and positions:

"First, all matters pertaining to events, persons, policies or operations here (France) will only be officially given out from the headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces in France."

"Second, similar matters affecting forces at home will be given out at the war department."

A proposal that General Pershing publish a daily communiqué for his sector has been under consideration but there had been no announcement of its adoption. The activities of the American forces brigaded with French and British troops probably will be covered in the official statements issued by those governments.

"The war department refused to comment on the announcement further than to say that it was issued upon direct order of the secretary of war and 'will be given out from the headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces in France.' It is understood that he new order will not change the present practice of issuing casualty lists at the department."

CONTROVERSY IN SENATE OVER ENERGETIC BILL

Giving President Authority to Reorganize Government Departments.

Washington, April 2.—Controversy over the energetic bill, to give the president authority to reorganize government departments and agencies during the war, which has been amending in committee and passed by the House, was continued today in the Senate. The bill, which is known as the "Executive Order Bill," is intended to give the president authority to reorganize government departments and agencies during the war, which has been amending in committee and passed by the House.

CELTIC HAS REACHED A BRITISH PORT SAFELY

White Star Liner Was Torpedoed While on a Voyage to the United States.

New York, April 2.—The White Star liner Celtic, which was torpedoed by a German submarine while on a voyage to the United States, has reached a British port safely.

The Celtic was last seen on April 1st, when it was reported to have been torpedoed. The ship was carrying a large cargo of war materials and was bound for New York. The ship was last seen on April 1st, when it was reported to have been torpedoed. The ship was carrying a large cargo of war materials and was bound for New York.

SEY BAKER AT ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS

With Ambassador Page and Major General Eben Swift.

Italian Army Headquarters, Monday, April 1.—(By The Associated Press.)—The American secretary of war, Newton D. Baker, accompanied by members of his staff, arrived at the Italian army headquarters this morning. He was joined here by Ambassador Thomas D. Page, who is on duty in Rome, and Major General Eben Swift, the head of the American military mission in Italy.

The party proceeded to the supreme command, where a handsome villa was placed at the disposition of the American secretary of war. Mr. Baker and Mr. Page called on the Italian secretary remaining for an extended talk with the Italian commander-in-chief.

Major General Swift entertained Secretary Baker, Ambassador Page and General Eben Swift at luncheon. Mr. Baker and Mr. Page departed tonight for Rome.

ENEMY AIRMEN FAILED IN RAID ON PARIS

They Were Unable to Penetrate the Defensive Barrage.

Paris, April 2.—Enemy airmen unsuccessfully attempted early this morning to bomb Paris, but were unable to penetrate the defensive barrage. An official communication issued this afternoon says:

"Two flotillas of German airplanes crossed the lines flying toward Paris early this morning. They did not penetrate the Paris barrage defense, but made a half turn, dropping bombs in the suburbs. There were no casualties."

DRASTIC PENALTIES FOR DISLOYAL ACTS

Provided in Report of Senate Judiciary Committee.

Washington, April 2.—In favorably reporting a bill to impose drastic penalties on disloyal acts, the senate judiciary committee today adopted an amendment by Senator Poindexter of Washington, prescribing imprisonment for twenty years and \$10,000 fine for whoever shall by word or act support or favor the cause of the German empire or its allies in the present war or by word or act oppose the cause of the United States there.

Bay State Senate Votes for Dry Nation

RATIFIED FEDERAL PROHIBITION AMENDMENT

CONCURS WITH HOUSE NO LIVES WERE LOST

Vote Was 27 to 12—An Effort to Substitute a Referendum Measure For Ratification Was Lost 25 to 14.

Boston, April 2.—Massachusetts today ratified the federal prohibition amendment when the senate today ratified the prohibition amendment by a roll call vote of 27 to 12. The amendment was voted a week ago by the house, 145 to 91.

Eleventh State State to Ratify.

By this action Massachusetts becomes the first of the northeastern states to ratify the amendment and the eleventh in the entire country. The states that had previously ratified it are Mississippi, Virginia, Kentucky, South Carolina, North Dakota, Maryland, Montana, Texas, Delaware, Maryland, and Oklahoma. To carry the amendment, 23 states are needed.

Statewide Referendum Defeated.

Before adopting the measure today the senate by a roll call vote of 25 to 14 rejected a proposal for a statewide referendum on the question.

INDIANA BECAME BONE DRY AT MIDNIGHT

About 3,400 Saloons Closed Their Doors—Thirty Breweries Affected.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 2.—Indiana became "dry" from border to border tonight at midnight. The statewide prohibition law, which has been in effect since the amendment was passed by the legislature, took effect at that hour.

Members of the Indiana anti-saloon league estimated that 3,400 saloons in the state closed their doors tonight. The league also estimated that 30 breweries would be affected by the law.

The closing of all places where liquor is sold followed the strenuous efforts of the "wet" party to have the law declared unconstitutional.

PROHIBITIONISTS SCORE VICTORY IN ILLINOIS

Overwhelming Dry Vote in Bloomington Said to Be Due to Women

Chicago, April 2.—Gains for the prohibitionists were recorded in today's election in Illinois. The vote in Bloomington was overwhelmingly in favor of the "dry" issue throughout Illinois.

Of the larger cities of the state, Bloomington gave a dry majority of 2,119. The vote in Chicago was also in favor of the "dry" issue.

Among the three wet victories recorded in the early figures was Nauvoo township, Hancock county, which was won by the "wet" party by a margin of 78 votes. Havana, Mason county, also voted to keep its saloons. Aurora, with 47 saloons, voted wet by a majority of 729.

AMERICA BOUND DUTCH SHIPS NOT TO BE SEIZED

Only Those Which Were in American Ports When Proclamation Was Issued.

Washington, April 2.—The American government has decided that Dutch ships en route to the United States from Holland at the time the Dutch shipping in American ports was requisitioned will not be taken over on arrival here.

The war trade board announced tonight that inasmuch as the requisitioning of Dutch ships was effected by proclamation, the ships laid up in American harbors to their normal activity it was not intended to take the use of those which were in service from Holland when the proclamation was issued.

The American government is expected soon to reply to Holland's formal protest against the requisitioning which was presented to the state department today by the Netherlands minister. It is expected that the reply will go more fully into the legal phases of the question and will cite additional reasons why the action was justifiable. Assurance has been given the ministry that grain will be provided to load two ships which the Netherlands government has arranged to send to this country for needed foodstuffs.

SUM OF \$25,000 TO RECRUIT BOY LABOR FOR FARMS

Given State Council of Defense by the State Board of Control.

Hartford, Conn., April 2.—Authority to expend a sum not exceeding \$25,000 to promote recruiting of boy labor for farms was given the state council of defense by the state board of control today. Boys from 16 to 21 years are being enrolled in the boys' working reserve and those from 14 to 16 in the junior agricultural volunteers.

JEAN JACQUES CARONEL HELD IN \$5,000 BONDS

Arrested For Alleged Unpatriotic Statements in Hartford.

Hartford, Conn., April 2.—Jean Jacques Caronel, of New York, arrested on a federal warrant charging violation of the espionage act, was held under \$5,000 bonds for trial in the federal court today. Caronel was arrested after a hearing before United States Commissioner Richard F. Carroll here today. He was released by the police last Saturday night from a crowd of citizens who were chasing him through the streets because of alleged unpatriotic statements made in a street corner speech and was later held on a technical charge to await federal action.

Condensed Telegrams

Sixteen Columbia University students have died in the service.

In the New York traffic court there were 108 speed violators April 1.

Transformation of a large distillery into a feed mill has begun at Hammond, Ind.

The Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of York, called on President Wilson.

A strike of more than 2,000 laborers has begun in Baltimore to force the demands for higher wages.

Wheat in several New York hotels was cut off the menus. The patrons met the change without protest.

The Senate passed a resolution asking for the names of all non-combatant officers on duty at Washington.

The American Red Cross in France has divided 5,000,000 francs among destitute families of French soldiers.

The Arizona Supreme Court ruled that picketing was legal and advertising of unfair working conditions also.

Germany is protesting to Russia about the movement of Red Guard troops into Poland and wants them withdrawn.

Senator Emerson is beginning another fight to have the federal prohibition amendment passed in the New York Senate.

Property loss of \$500,000, several firemen injured by falling bricks and windows, were the result of a fire at Atlantic City.

A resolution was introduced in the Senate by Senator Gallinger asking President Wilson to declare a day of "Public Humiliation."

Department of Justice agents investigating "german" signs in bread and other food announce that it is mostly sand and grit.

The discovery of ground glass in cornmeal was reported to Food Administrator Cornwell by Mrs. William Burnside of Carthage, N. Y.

In recent editions of the Deutsche Tageszeitung, which have reached Washington, it is stated that the Rhine is becoming bare of fish.

The Liberty Loan Committee of New York has abandoned the plan to have tractors in Central Park because army officers could not be spared.

Secretary Daniels has accepted the invitation of the Liberty Loan Committee of Cleveland to open the third campaign there next Saturday.

Joseph Devlin, Nationalist Member of Parliament, of Belfast speaking of East Tyrone declared that Ireland would never agree to conscription.

The second draft's first increment, mostly from the Bronx, Brooklyn and Long Island and comprising 142 men, reached Camp Upton on special trains.

Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, was awarded \$15,000 damages against the Mirror Film Co. before Justice Greenbaum in the Supreme Court, New York.

A strike at the plant of the American Car Foundry Company, Chicago, which is manufacturing government airplane parts, was declared last night.

Holland's protest against the taking over of the Dutch ships was received at Washington. The protest was published by the official gazette of The Hague.

The American-Canadian fisheries conference will meet at Seattle April 24 to discuss plans to protect halibut and salmon at Puget Sound and Fraser River.

John W. Rainey, democrat, was elected congressman from the fourth Illinois district yesterday. He will take the seat made vacant by the death of Charles Martin.

Mrs. Sam K. Chester, who appeared on the American stage for fifty years, retired from her career in 1905, died Tuesday at the Actors' Home on Staten Island at the age of 78.

James Cowell, democrat, was elected mayor of Kansas City, Mo., yesterday, according to returns late tonight which gave him a plurality of 8,000 over Cyrus Crane, republican candidate.

The wages of \$3,500 offered by a New York club to the man who completed a walk of 15,000 miles was won by W. S. Chapman, a young man, who finished up in Chicago. He started in March, 1916.

Adjustment plans for congress were discussed in the house yesterday and Democratic Leader Kitchin predicted that unless something unforeseen developed congress would adjourn between July 1 and July 15.

An Americanization conference of state governors and mayors of the state councils of defense called by Secretary Lane to draft a programme for combating illiteracy in America, will begin in Washington today.

Announcement was made by the Westinghouse Airbrake Company yesterday that the wages of its employees at the Wilmerding and Swissvale plants had been increased 12 1/2 per cent effective April 1. About 8,000 persons are affected.

SEVEN DEATHS IN
LATEST CASUALTY LIST

Two Dead of Wounds, One of Accident, Four of Disease—13 Wounded

Washington, April 2.—Today's casualty list contained 22 deaths. Two died of wounds, one of an accident, four of disease and two of other causes. Thirteen were slightly wounded. Second Lieutenant John E. Graham died of wounds and First Lieutenant Henry K. Dillard, Jr., and Second Lieutenant Andrew Calhoun were slightly wounded.

OBITUARY

Arthur G. Krom.

Danbury, Conn., April 2.—Arthur G. Krom, forty-seven, one of the best known business men in this city died suddenly early today of apoplexy. He had been in the insurance and real estate business here many years and was prominent in the Masonic fraternity and Elks. He was a prominent member of the commonwealth of Bell Island, South Norway.

LENRÖÖT LEADS IN WISCONSIN ELECTION

Scattered Precincts From 42 Counties Outside of Milwaukee Give Lenroot 60,037, Davies 48,992

BERGER, SOCIALIST, RECEIVED 27,120 VOTES

Republican Leaders Predict Lenroot's Election But Admit the Count Will Be Close—Early Returns in Milwaukee Indicate a Marked Increase in the Socialist Vote and the Election of Mayor Hoan Is Conceded—Increased Vote For Berger For Senator Apparently Is At the Expense of Davies, Democrat.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 2.—Scattered returns, still far from complete at a late hour tonight, indicated the election of Irvine L. Lenroot, republican, to the United States senate over Joseph E. Davies, democrat. The democrats, however, have not conceded Lenroot's election but assert the result will be close. Davies himself expected a narrow margin of victory.

Republican supporters at first claimed Lenroot's election by 40,000 but disappointing returns from the west and northwest of the state caused them to withdraw those assertions. Later tabulations indicated Lenroot's election by from eight to ten thousand, and according to republican headquarters, Democratic headquarters offered no figures to support their claims.

One thing the fragmentary returns proved without question and that was that the socialists, supporting Victor Berger, who ran on a platform calling for the immediate abandonment of the war, had made decided gains over previous elections.

It is possible that the votes of Wisconsin in the army now quartered at middle west cantonments may have a bearing on the result. The soldier votes were sealed and forwarded to Madison, where they will be counted.

Midnight Returns.

At midnight scattering precincts from forty-two counties outside of Milwaukee, county gave Lenroot 60,037; Davies 48,992; Berger 27,120.

One hundred precincts in Milwaukee county and city: Lenroot 9,495; Davies 16,678; Berger 7,494. Davies' plurality 1,883. Lenroot leading on total vote by 4,552.

SOCIALISTS DEFEATED IN CHICAGO CITY ELECTION

Every Candidate Endorsed by Mayor Thompson Beaten.

Chicago, April 2.—Every socialist candidate was defeated in the aldermanic election here today. There were thirty-three socialist candidates running in the city's thirty-five wards but in only six wards were the socialists conceded to have a chance of election. Loyalty to the government was a leading issue on which opponents of the socialists made their campaigns.

In addition, every candidate endorsed by Mayor William Hale Thompson, whose war attitude has been warmly criticized, was beaten. The new city council will be made up of men who are less "wet" aldermen in the new council than in the old.

The socialists polled approximately 64,000 votes out of a total of 300,000. The socialist vote was about 8,000 less than the socialist vote a year ago when only men voted. There were three less "wet" aldermen in the new council than in the old.

COL. ROOSEVELT ADDRESSES LIBERTY LOAN WORKERS

Appeals to the People to Back the Workers to the Limit of Their Powers

Oyster Bay, N. Y., April 2.—"If we do not win now, fighting abroad beside our allies, then sooner or later our sons or grandsons will have to fight here at home without allies, for the homes, their wives and their little ones," said Colonel Theodore Roosevelt in addressing a delegation of Liberty Loan workers who had made a pilgrimage to Sagamore Hill today.

"I can do no more than this," Mr. Roosevelt continued. "No government work does itself. Somebody has to do it. I appeal to the people to back you to the limit of their power. It is the people's war. It is America's war. It is a war for our children and our children's children's welfare."

The speaker urged the workers to cheerfully sacrifice everything necessary in order to win the war. The man at the front stands ready to sacrifice his life and health for the dear land. We who are not given the high privilege of going with him to the front must at least back him to the limit with the work of head and hand.

"Do the thing that is next. This is our money. Let us make the people the owners of the debt incurred for the sake of the people. Let every wage earner and every farmer be glad what he can. He will thereby serve the country and he will also serve himself and his family."

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SHIPBUILDERS ARE ASKED TO EXPLAIN DELAY IN OUTPUT.

Shipping Board Inquires Why March Fall Behind Schedule.

Washington, April 2.—American shipbuilders were called upon tonight to explain why their output for March fell behind schedule.

Chairman Hurley of the shipping board and General Manager Pies of the emergency fleet corporation telegraphed the managers of all the yards in the United States, saying they were "kissed" by the government in the tonnage delivered and placing the responsibility of turning out ships squarely on the men in control of the government building operations.

"Keynote of present situation is management—leadership," the telegram said. "Energy, initiative and men have been supplied without stint by the nation. The American people want ships, not excuses."

Suggestions were requested and the officials said they wanted to know if the fault lay with the emergency fleet corporation. The managers were asked if their forces were doing a full day's work and if it was planned to run a night shift.

"Please don't overestimate," the telegram urged, asking for the prospects during April. It was said that the March estimate of 197,075 tons had been made on the promises of shipbuilders, who delivered only 186,700 tons.

RUSSIA DENIES SENDING
RED GUARDS TO FINLAND

Has Sent to the German Government a Statement to That Effect.

London, April 2.—The Russian government, according to a Russian wireless statement received in London, has addressed the following to the German government:

"Neither the councils of the central committee nor the local committees are sending Red Guards to Finland. If the German government has in its possession information that Red Guards are arriving in Finland from Russia, the Russian government will make inquiries and take most severe measures against it. The Russian government will be very grateful to the German government for an indication of the points on the Finnish frontier at which Russian Red Guards have entered Finland."

CHARGE MADE IN THE DOG QUANTINE.

Permits Owners to Allow Canines to Roam at Large on the Premises.

Hartford, April 2.—Cattle Commissioner J. M. Whittlesey has made a change in the dog quarantine which affects the city of Hartford. The new regulation allows the owners of dogs to allow their canines to roam at large on the premises.

ONE GERMAN LONG RANGE GUN HAS BURST

German Prisoners Say Five of the Gun Crew Were Killed.

Paris, April 2.—One of the German long range guns which has been bombarding Paris, has burst, according to German prisoners from the battle front, killing five of the gun crew.

Brest-Litovsk Treaty Ratified March 30.

London, April 2.—An exchange of the instruments of ratification of the peace treaty concluded at Brest-Litovsk between the central powers and Russia took place March 30, according to a Reuters dispatch from Moscow.

The first completed ship produced by the United States Federal Shipbuilding company will be named Liberty.